

EXERCICE 2A.1

Souligner le **facteur commun** dans chaque expression:

$$\mathbf{A} = \underline{3x} + \underline{3y}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = -3a + 3b$$

$$\mathbf{C} = 7x + 12x$$

$$\mathbf{D} = -6(3x - 2) - (3x - 2)(x - 4)$$

$$\mathbf{E} = (x + 2)(x + 1) + (x + 2)(7x - 5)$$

$$\mathbf{F} = (2x + 1)^2 + (2x + 1)(x + 3)$$

$$\mathbf{G} = (x + 1)(2x - 3) + (x + 1)(5x + 1)$$

$$\mathbf{H} = (3x - 4)(2 - x) - (3x - 4)^2$$

$$\mathbf{I} = (6x + 4)(2 + 3x) + (2 + 3x)(7 - x)$$

$$\mathbf{J} = (3 + x)(5x + 2) + (x + 3)^2$$

EXERCICE 2A.2

Factoriser chaque expression en utilisant la règle « $ka + kb = k(a + b)$ » :

$$\mathbf{A} = \underline{4x} + \underline{4y} = \underline{4(x + y)}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = 6 \times 9 + 6 \times 3 =$$

$$\mathbf{C} = 8a + 8b =$$

$$\mathbf{D} = 5 \times 3 + 3 \times 14 =$$

$$\mathbf{E} = 2 + 2x =$$

$$\mathbf{F} = 7a + 7 =$$

$$\mathbf{G} = 4x^2 + 4x =$$

$$\mathbf{H} = 6y + 6y^2 =$$

$$\mathbf{I} = 3x^2 + 5x =$$

$$\mathbf{J} = 2ab + b^2 =$$

EXERCICE 2A.3

Compléter l'intérieur des parenthèses, comme dans l'exemple :

$$\mathbf{A} = \underline{4a} + 12 = \underline{4(a + 3)}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = 2x + 6y = \underline{2(x + 3)}$$

$$\mathbf{C} = 5x^2 - 30x = \underline{5x(x - 6)}$$

$$\mathbf{D} = 5(x - 1) + 3x(x - 1) = \underline{(x - 1)(5 + 3x)}$$

$$\mathbf{E} = 15x - 20y = \underline{5(x - 4)}$$

$$\mathbf{F} = -7xy + 14y = \underline{7y(x - 1)}$$

$$\mathbf{G} = a + 2ax = \underline{a(1 + 2x)}$$

$$\mathbf{H} = 3x^2 + x = \underline{x(3x + 1)}$$

$$\mathbf{I} = 7x(x + 3) - 6(x + 3) = \underline{(x + 3)(7x - 6)}$$

$$\mathbf{J} = 4xy^2 + 12x^2y = \underline{4xy(4y + 3x)}$$

EXERCICE 2A.4

Écrire le terme souligné sous forme d'un produit puis factoriser l'expression :

$$\mathbf{A} = \underline{4a} + \underline{12} = \underline{4a} + \underline{4 \times 3} = \underline{4(a + 3)}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = 5x + \underline{10} =$$

$$\mathbf{C} = 6x - \underline{24} =$$

$$\mathbf{D} = \underline{36} - 4x =$$

$$\mathbf{E} = 7x + \underline{14} =$$

$$\mathbf{F} = \underline{35} - 5x =$$

$$\mathbf{G} = 8x - \underline{24} =$$

$$\mathbf{H} = \underline{12x} + \underline{18} =$$

$$\mathbf{I} = \underline{6} - \underline{15x} =$$

$$\mathbf{J} = \underline{30x} - \underline{42} =$$

EXERCICE 2A.5

Factoriser les expressions suivantes comme dans l'exemple :

$$\mathbf{Z} = \underline{5(x + 1)} + \underline{3(x + 1)}$$

$$\mathbf{A} = 13(x + 2) + 5(x + 2)$$

$$\mathbf{B} = 7(2x - 3) + 2(2x - 3)$$

$$\mathbf{Z} = (x + 1)(\underline{5} + \underline{3})$$

$$\mathbf{Z} = 8(x + 1)$$

$$\mathbf{C} = 3x(x + 2) - 5(x + 2)$$

$$\mathbf{D} = 4(x + 3) + 9x(x + 3)$$

$$\mathbf{E} = 7x(3x + 1) - 10x(3x + 1)$$